



Biggest attractions:

Two manors, Relic Woods (Halskov Vænge), a high-moor and harbor environment in Hesnæs

Traffic: Asphalted highways with modest traffic, short stretch of forest roads. Some traffic on Grønsundsvej from Østersøvej to Busserisvej (without bicycle path). Max. 3% slope.

Route description: Follow route 9 from Nykøbing F. station past The Zoo (1), the youth hostel and the camping site (2). Turn at the Folkedanserhus to Sdr. Vedby Skovhuse. Continue on Grønsundsvej past Orupgård (3) and drive on Busserisvej and Egebjergvej (continue on a private road) to Sdr. Alslev. Here is a church, Galleri Syd (4) and Lavendelhuset. Continue towards Korselitse and Korselitse Park (5). Detour to Valdemar oak (6), the biggest oak in Denmark. From Korselitse you continue on Tromnæs Alléen down to the Baltic Sea. To the right lies Generalens Lysthus (7). Skowejen continues along the Baltic Sea to the north about 3 km (asphalted road 1 km and wood path 2 km). Turn from cycle route 8 and follow Bregninge Strandvej and Strandhuse to Halskov Vænge (8). A bit further on lies Galleri Arleth (9). Drive to the right on Pomlevej and on route 8 through the woods. Visit Traktørstedet Pomle Nakke (10). Drive further to Hesnæs (11). Drive back on Bønnetvej past Bønnet Slotsruin (12), to Horbelev (13). Turn right on Eriksdalsvej, Meelsevej, Grimmelstrupvej and Lyngvejen to Horreby. Visit Falsters biggest high moor Horreby Lyng (14). Follow route 45 through Systofte back to Nykøbing.



Pomle Nakke

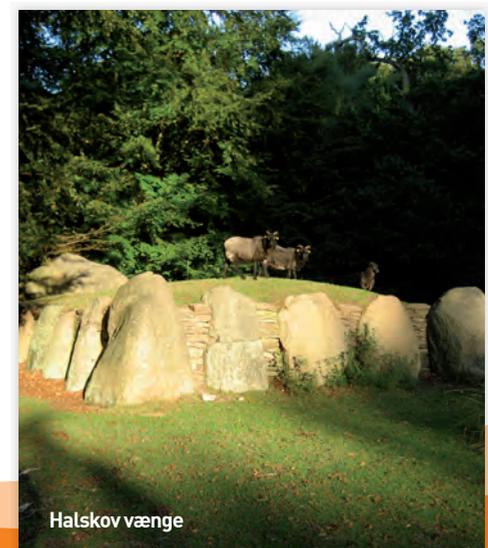


Attractions:

1. Zoo and Botanic Garden. 90 animal species, thousands of plants, funny activities. The funniest playground on Falster.
3. Orupgård Manor. Privat property. Orupgaard's history dates back to 1231, where it was mentioned in the cadastre of King Valdemar.
4. Galleri Syd. Sculpturepark, cobra art and different art exhibitions. The neighbour Lavendelhuset sells wine and silk clothes.
5. Korselitse Manor was in 1768 bought by general J.F. Classen, who had earned a fortune on his powder mill in Frederiksværk. In 1792 general Classen dies, and all his possessions are left to "Det Classenske Fideicommiss", which still is the owner. In the open park with free entrance you for instance see an ice house, build by Swedish workers in 1779. In the deep cellar lay ice from the Baltic Sea, which then was a cooling/freezing house. A about 3 m high tree sculpture of Adam and Eve and a bench cut like a crocodile.
6. The oak tree Valdemarsegen ist the biggest tree in Denmark. The oak is h=25,4 m, circumference=9,35 m, and is about 550 years old.
7. Generalens Lysthus, which is a mini copy of Liseslund on Møn, was built by general Classen in the 1780-ties. Was protected in 1918.
8. Fortidsmindeskoven Halskov Vænge is about 29 ha. It has six dolmens and 72 grave mounds from the peasant stone age/bronze age. Falsters biggest stone is the "Spejderstenen".
9. Close to Halskov Vænge lies Galleri Arleth. Jewelry art with personal, individual jewelry, but also exhibitions in Galleriet, takes part in art projects and official tasks.

10. Traktørstedet Pomle Nakke, restaurant, lies on a high slope with a nice view of the Baltic Sea.
11. Hesnæs. The many yachts together with the special thatched houses give the town a special relaxed mood. Picnic area with WC, tables/benches and the longest grill table in Denmark. A detour of 2 km in the woods north of Hesnæs with a view over the cliff and to Ørnebjerg can be recommended.
12. Bønnet Castle lay on a castle mounds surrounded by a deep moat. Build in the beginning of the 16th century by Oluf Holgersen Ulfstand. It later became a royal hunting castle, but burnt in 1700.
14. Horreby Lyng a former high moor, is protected to save the special nature area, has a rich plant life (for instance insect eating round-leaved sundew) and animal life (for instance grass snake and vipers).

There are churches in Sønder Alslev, Horreby, Nørre Ørslev, Horbelev, Systofte and Sønder Kirkeby. Here there are toilette and water.



Halskov vænge